

|@underlineunless@

|@underlinefor@

@underlinewhile@

@underlineuntil@

@underlinedo – while@

|@underlinedo – until@

|@underlinebreak@

|@underlinecontinue@



|@underlineswitch@

$\mathbb{L}_\pi$

$a$

$b$

$$1 \times 1$$

$\pm\text{realmax}$

$$\pm 0.a_1a_2...a_n \times 2^e$$

$a_i$



$$|a_1 = 1$$

$n$

$$|e+k\rangle$$

$$2 \times 3$$

$1 \times 1$

$$1 \times 5$$

$$5 \times 1$$

$$\begin{array}{|} n \times 1 \end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{|} 1 \times n \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\underline{k = ic + j}$$

i

$\lfloor j$

$k$

$$3 \times 4$$

$$A[3:5, 7:10] = \begin{bmatrix} A[3,7] & A[3,8] & A[3,9] & A[3,10] \\ A[4,7] & A[4,8] & A[4,9] & A[4,10] \\ A[5,7] & A[5,8] & A[5,9] & A[5,10] \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} X[i[1], j[1]] \\ X[i[2], j[2]] \\ X[i[3], j[3]] \\ X[i[4], j[4]] \\ X[i[5], j[5]] \end{bmatrix}$$



$6 \times 6$

$$\begin{bmatrix} A[1,1] & A[1,2] & A[1,3] \\ A[2,2] & A[2,3] & A[2,4] \\ A[3,3] & A[3,4] & A[3,5] \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} A[1,1] & A[2,2] & A[3,3] \\ A[2,1] & A[3,2] & A[4,3] \\ A[3,1] & A[4,2] & A[5,3] \end{bmatrix}$$

L

$$1 \leq k < n$$

$$\lfloor (-k) \rfloor$$

$$\left| -n < k \leq -1 \right.$$

$$\begin{array}{|} n \times n \end{array}$$



$$9 \times 9$$

$$\begin{array}{|c} m \times n \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$3 \times 5$$

$$m \times n$$

$8mn$

L

u

*mn*



*m*

$$\lfloor m;n \rfloor$$

8

$$\left| n \times 2 \right.$$

$[0, 1]$

$x$

$$m \times 1$$

$$g(x) = 2x - \sin x$$



$$g(x) = 2 - \sin x$$

$$\underline{g(\pi/2) = 2(\pi/2) - \sin(\pi/2) = \pi - 1}$$

$$\begin{array}{|} \mathbf{n} \times \mathbf{n} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$Ax$

$$\underline{A \setminus B = \{x \in A, x \notin B\}}$$

$b^r$

$$\underbrace{A^n = AA \cdots A}$$

$$A^0 = I$$



$$A^n = (A^n)^{-1}$$

$$[a, b]$$

$(a, b)$

$$(a, b]$$

$$[a, b)$$

$$\begin{array}{|c} \mathbf{n} \times \mathbf{m} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\underbrace{1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n}$$

$\mathbb{L}^f$



$f(x)$

$$f(x) = 2x^2 - \frac{3}{x}$$

$$\boxed{f(x) = \alpha x + \beta}$$

L $\alpha$

$\beta$

$$\left| \begin{array}{l} f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 1}, \quad g(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 25} \end{array} \right.$$

$$f(x,y) = e^{-(x^2+y^2)}\sqrt{x^2+y^2}$$

$$f_1(x) = e^{-(x^2+9)}\sqrt{x^2+9}$$



$$f(x, y) = \frac{1 - x - y}{x^2 + y^2}, \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1, \quad 0 \leq y \leq x$$

$$f(x) = \begin{bmatrix} \cos x & -\sin x \\ \sin x & \cos x \end{bmatrix}$$

$$f(x) = \begin{bmatrix} e^{\cos x} & 2x \\ \sqrt{1+x^2} & e^{-\sin x} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A(x) = \sum_{k=1}^{\#A} [A\#k][x\#k]$$

$$f(x,y) = 5x - 3y$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & x = 1 \\ 1, & x = 2 \\ 2, & x = 3 \\ 3, & x = 4 \\ 4, & x = 5 \\ 5, & x = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{array}{|c} 1 \times n \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{|l} \mathbf{n} \times \mathbf{1} \end{array}$$



>



$$\lfloor e^x$$

$$\underline{\ln x}$$

le

$$\log_{10} x$$

$$\log_2 x$$

$$\log_{base} x$$



$$\sqrt{x}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$p(x) = 1 + 2x - x^2$$

$$\underbrace{m_1 \times m_2 \times m_3 \times \cdots}$$

$$5 \times 3$$

$$\frac{n!}{m!(n-m)!}$$

$$3 \times 6$$

$$\underline{P(a < X < b)}$$



L

$\pm\infty$

$$\underbrace{P(x < b)}$$

$$\boxed{P(x < b) = p}$$

$$\mu = 0$$

$$\underline{|\sigma = 1\rangle}$$

$$2 \times 2$$

$$3 \times 3$$



$4 \times 4$