

Mathematics-Computer Science 4215H – Mathematical Logic

TRENT UNIVERSITY, Winter 2021

Assignment #3

Due on Friday, 5 February.

Do all of the following problems, which are straight out of the textbook⁰ (which explains the numbering), reproduced here for your convenience.

3.1. [Proposition 3.1] Every axiom of \mathcal{L}_P is a tautology. [3]

3.2. [Proposition 3.2] Suppose φ and ψ are formulas. Then $\{\varphi, (\varphi \rightarrow \psi)\} \vdash \psi$. [1]

3.4. [Proposition 3.4] If $\varphi_1\varphi_2\ldots\varphi_n$ is a deduction of \mathcal{L}_P , then $\varphi_1\ldots\varphi_\ell$ is also a deduction of \mathcal{L}_P for any ℓ such that $1 \leq \ell \leq n$. [1]

3.7. [Proposition 3.7] If $\Gamma \vdash \Delta$ and $\Delta \vdash \sigma$, then $\Gamma \vdash \sigma$. [3]

3.8. [Theorem 3.8 – Deduction Theorem] If Σ is any set of formulas and α and β are any formulas, then $\Sigma \vdash \alpha \rightarrow \beta$ if and only if $\Sigma \cup \{\alpha\} \vdash \beta$. [5]

3.9(3). [Proposition 3.9(3)] Appealing to previous deductions and the Deduction Theorem if you wish, show that $\vdash (\neg\beta \rightarrow \neg\alpha) \rightarrow (\alpha \rightarrow \beta)$. [2]

NOTE. You may assume any and all the examples, problems, and results of Chapter 3, up to **3.9(2)** inclusive, when doing **3.9(3)**.

[Total = 15]

⁰ A Problem Course in Mathematical Logic, Version 1.6.