

**Mathematics 3790H – Analysis I: Introduction to analysis**

TRENT UNIVERSITY, Winter 2015

**Assignment #1**

**Basic epsilonics**

*Due on Friday, 16 January, 2015.*

This assignment is a warm-up using something that you should have seen some version of in first-year calculus, the  $\varepsilon$ - $\delta$  definition of limits. Please look it up in our present text or in your old calculus textbook!

1. Use the  $\varepsilon$ - $\delta$  definition of limits to verify that  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 5} (13x - 31) = 34$ . [3]
2. Use the  $\varepsilon$ - $\delta$  definition of limits to verify that  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -3} x^2 \neq 4$ . [3]
3. Use the  $\varepsilon$ - $\delta$  definition of limits to verify that  $\lim_{x \rightarrow c} x^2 = c^2$  for every real number  $c$ . [4]

*Hint:* You *may* find it useful to consider the cases  $c = 0$  and  $c \neq 0$  separately in doing **3**.