# Mathematics $\mathbf{3 7 9 0 H}$ - Analysis I: Introduction to analysis <br> Trent University, Winter 2012 <br> Assignment \#7 <br> Find the limit! <br> Due on Thursday, 8 March, 2012. 

1. Suppose we define a sequence $a_{n}$ as follows: $a_{0}=\frac{1}{2}$ and $a_{n+1}=\frac{1}{1+a_{n}}$ for $n \geq 0$. Show that this sequence converges and find its limit. [10]

Note: To save the empirically inclined a little effort, here are the first few elements of the sequence:

| $n$ | $a_{n}$ | decimal |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | $\frac{1}{2}$ | 0.5 |
| 1 | $\frac{1}{1+\frac{1}{2}}=\frac{2}{3}$ | $0.66666666666666 \ldots$ |
| 2 | $\frac{1}{1+\frac{2}{3}}=\frac{5}{8}$ | 0.625 |
| 3 | $\frac{1}{1+\frac{5}{8}}=\frac{8}{13}$ | $0.61538461538461 \ldots$ |
| 4 | $\frac{1}{1+\frac{8}{13}}=\frac{13}{21}$ | $0.61904761904761 \ldots$ |
| 5 | $\frac{1}{1+\frac{13}{21}}=\frac{21}{34}$ | $0.61764705882352 \ldots$ |
| $\vdots$ | $\vdots$ | $\vdots$ |

