## Mathematics 2260H - Geometry I: Euclidean geometry

Trent University, Winter 2012

## Solution to Assignment \#2 <br> Angle-Side-Side?

1. Determine whether the Angle-Side-Side congruence criterion actually works. That is, if $\angle A B C=\angle D E F, B C=E F$, and $C A=F D$, must it be true that $\triangle A B C \cong$ $\triangle D E F$ ? If so, prove it; if not, give a counterexample. [10]


Solution. If $\angle A B C=\angle D E F$ is acute, it is possible to construct a counterexample:


By the way, if $\angle A B C=\angle D E F$ is a right or an obtuse angle, this trick doesn't work. In those cases, Angle-Side-Side congruence does work.

