

Mathematics 226H – Geometry I: Euclidean geometry
TRENT UNIVERSITY, Winter 2008

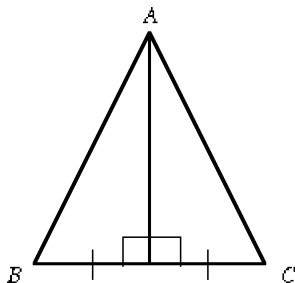
Quizzes

Quiz #1. Friday, 18 January, 2008. [10 minutes]

1. Given a line segment AB , show, using Euclid's system, that there is a point C so that B is on AC and $|BC| = |AB|$. [5]

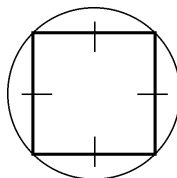
Quiz #2. Friday, 25 January, 2008. [10 minutes]

1. Suppose that the median from A in $\triangle ABC$ is also an altitude. Show that $\triangle ABC$ is isosceles. [5]



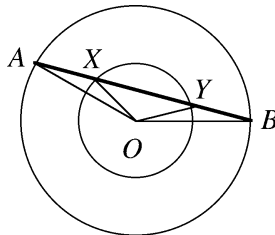
Quiz #3. Friday, 1 February, 2008. [10 minutes]

1. Show that a rhombus inscribed in a circle must be a square. [5]



Quiz #3. Alternate version. [10 minutes]

1. A line is drawn through two concentric circles as shown.



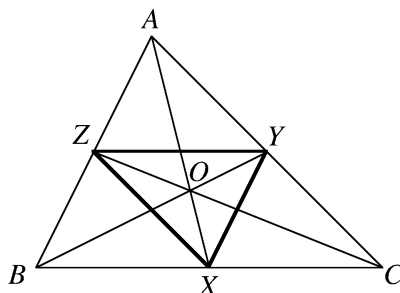
Show that $\triangle OXA \cong \triangle OYB$. [5]

Quiz #4. Friday, 8 February, 2008. [10 minutes]

1. Suppose $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle PQR$ have $\angle A = \angle P = 90^\circ$ and $\frac{|AB|}{|PQ|} = \frac{|BC|}{|QR|}$. Show that $\angle B = \angle Q$. [5]

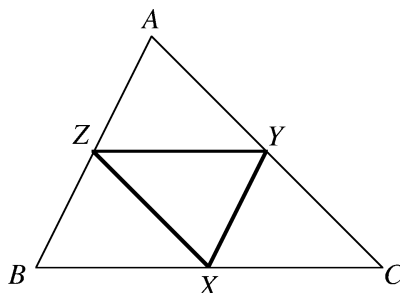
Quiz #5. Friday, 15 February, 2008. [10 minutes]

1. The medians AX , BY , and CZ meet in the centroid O of $\triangle ABC$. Show that O is also the centroid of $\triangle XYZ$. [5]



Quiz #6. Friday, 7 March, 2008. [10 minutes]

1. Suppose X , Y , and Z are the midpoints of sides BC , AC , and AB , respectively, of $\triangle ABC$. Show that the circumcentre of $\triangle ABC$ is also the orthocentre of $\triangle XYZ$. [5]



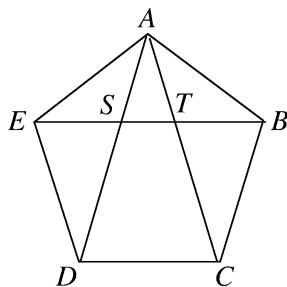
Quiz #7. Friday, 14 March, 2008. [10 minutes]

1. Suppose $\triangle ABC$ has $\angle C = 90^\circ$ and sides $a = 3$, $b = 4$, and $c = 5$. Find the inradius r of $\triangle ABC$. [5]

Hint: Depending on how you proceed, you may find the trigonometric identity $\tan\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) = \frac{\sin(\theta)}{1+\cos(\theta)}$ to be useful.

Quiz #8. Thursday, 20 March, 2008. [10 minutes]

1. Suppose $ABCDE$ is a regular pentagon, S is the intersection of AD and BE , and T is the intersection of AC and BD . Compute $\text{cr}(E, S, T, B)$. [5]



Hint: The following values of $\sin(\theta)$ may be of use:

θ	0°	36°	72°	108°
$\sin(\theta)$	0	0.59	0.95	0.95

Quiz #9. Friday, 28 March, 2008. [10 minutes]

1. Suppose $\triangle ABC$ is a right triangle with $\angle B = 90^\circ$, $a = 4$, $b = 5$, and $c = 3$. Z is a point on side AB such that $|AZ| = 2$, and X is a point on side BC such that $|BX| = 1$. Find the point Y on side AC such that AX , BY , and CZ are concurrent. [5]

