Mathematics 1550H – Introduction to probability TRENT UNIVERSITY, Winter 2017

Assignment #3 A Random Walk

Due on Thursday, 16 March, 2017.

A fair four-sided die has its sides labelled U, D, L, and R, respectively. A token is placed at (0,0) on the Cartesian plane and the die is then rolled repeatedly. After each roll, the token is moved as follows:

 $\begin{array}{ll} \operatorname{Roll} & \operatorname{Move} \\ U & (a,b) \rightarrow (a,b+1) \\ D & (a,b) \rightarrow (a,b-1) \\ L & (a,b) \rightarrow (a+1,b) \\ R & (a,b) \rightarrow (a-1,b) \end{array}$

Let the random variable Y_n be the *taxicab distance*^{*} the token is from (0,0) after $n \ge 0$ rolls and the consequent moves. It should be pretty obvious that $Y_0 = 0$: the token starts at (0,0) and n = 0 moves have taken place. After that it gets more interesting ...

1. What is $E(Y_n)$? Explain why as best you can. [5]

2. What is $V(Y_n)$? Explain why as best you can. [5]

^{*} The taxicab distance from (0,0) to (a,b) is |a| + |b|.