Mathematics 1550H – Introduction to probability

TRENT UNIVERSITY, Summer 2016

Quizzes

Quiz #1. Wednesday, 22 June, 2016. [10 minutes]

A fair coin is tossed. If the coin comes up heads, a fair three-sided die with faces labelled 1, 2, and 3, respectively, is rolled once; if the coin comes up tails, a fair three-sided die with faces labelled 2, 3, and 4, respectively, is rolled once.

- 1. What are the sample space and the probability mass function for this experiment? [2]
- 2. Draw the complete tree diagram for this experiment. [1.5]
- 3. What is the probability that the die roll in the second stage of the experiment produced a 2? [1.5]

Quiz #2. Monday, 27 June, 2016. [10 minutes]

Consider the function $f(t) = \begin{cases} t & 0 \le t \le 1\\ 2-t & 1 \le t \le 2\\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

- 0. Sketch the graph of f(t). [1]
- 1. Verify that f(t) is a probability density function. [2]
- 2. Compute $P\left(\left[\frac{1}{2},\infty\right)\right)$. [2]

Quiz #3. Wednesday, 29 June, 2016. [10 minutes]

A five-card hand is randomly drawn, all at once and without replacement, from a standard 52-card deck.

1. What is the probability that the hand is a *full house*, consisting of three of one kind and two of another kind? [5]

Quiz #4. Monday, 4 July, 2016. [10 minutes]

1. The four cards $A\heartsuit$, $A\diamondsuit$, $A\diamondsuit$, $A\diamondsuit$, and $A\clubsuit$ are laid out for you in that order. You shuffle the four cards and lay them out again in a random order. What is the probability that none of the four cards ends up in the same position it was in when the hand was originally given to you? [5]

Quiz #5. Wednesday, 6 July, 2016. [10 minutes]

A fair coin is tossed four times. Let A be the event that there were at least three heads, and let B be the event that at least one of the first two tosses was a head.

- 1. Determine whether A and B are independent or not. [3]
- 2. Compute P(A|B). [2]

Quiz #6. Wednesday, 13 July, 2016. [10 minutes]

An otherwise fair seven-sided die has single faces labelled 1, 2, 4, and 5, respectively, and three faces labelled 3. The die is rolled once; let X be the number that comes up on the roll.

- 1. Compute the expected value, E(X), of X. [2.5]
- 2. Compute the variance, V(X), of X. [2.5]

Quiz #7. Monday, 18 July, 2016. [10 minutes]

Suppose that the continuous random variable X has the probability density function

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{3}{4} \left(1 - t^2 \right) & -1 \le t \le 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- 1. Compute the expected value, E(X), of X. [2.5]
- 2. Compute the variance, V(X), of X. [2.5]

Quiz #8. Wednesday, 20 July, 2016. [10 minutes]

Suppose the continuous random variable X has a normal distribution with expected value $\mu = 10$ and standard deviation $\sigma = 5$.

- 1. Compute $P(7 \le X \le 17)$. [3]
- 2. Find the value of c for which $P(X \le c) \approx 0.7734$. [2]

Quiz #9. Monday, 25 July, 2016. [however many minutes]

Suppose the discrete random variables X and Y are jointly distributed according to the following table:

1. Compute the expected values E(X) and E(Y), variances V(X) and V(Y), and covariance Cov(X, Y) of X and Y. [5]

Quiz #10. Wednesday, 27 July, 2016. [10 minutes]

Suppose X is a random variable with $X \ge 0$, expected value E(X) = 10, and variance V(X) = 4.

- 1. What can you say about P(X < 20) with the help of Markov's Inequality? [2]
- 2. What can you say about P(X < 20) with the help of Chebyshev's Inequality? [3]