## Mathematics 1350H – Linear algebra I: matrix algebra

TRENT UNIVERSITY, Fall 2009

ASSIGNMENT #2 Due on Friday, 9 August, 2009

## Objection to projection is a basis for dejection!

The key to what follows is the following idea. Recall (from class and  $\S1.2$ ) that the component of a vector **v** parallel to a (non-zero) vector **u** is the *projection of* **v** *onto* **u**:

$$\operatorname{proj}_{\mathbf{u}}(\mathbf{v}) = \left(\frac{\mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{v}}{\mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{u}}\right) \mathbf{u}$$

Recall further that if you take away the component of  $\mathbf{v}$  which is parallel to  $\mathbf{u}$  away from  $\mathbf{v}$ , the component that is left is orthogonal to  $\mathbf{u}$ .

1. Suppose **v** and  $\mathbf{u} \neq \mathbf{0}$  are vectors of the same dimension. Verify that  $\mathbf{v} - \text{proj}_{\mathbf{u}}(\mathbf{v})$  is orthogonal to **u**. [2]

*Hint:* Use the dot product!

Now let 
$$S = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\-1\\1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\1\\1\\1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0\\0\\1\\1\\1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\-1\\1\\1\\1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$
 be a set of four vectors in 4-dimensional

space. We will modify this set of vectors to make it nicer in some respects.

- 2. Use the idea in 1 to modify the second vector in S to make it orthogonal to the first vector in S. [2]
- **3.** Modify the third vector in S to make it orthogonal to both the first and second vectors in S. [2]
- 4. Modify the fourth vector in S to make it orthogonal to all of the first three vectors in S. [1]
- 5. Further modify all of your modified vectors from 2-4 to have length one. [1]
- 6. What might your final collection of modified vectors from 5 be good for? [2]