

**Mathematics 1100Y – Calculus I: Calculus of one variable**

TRENT UNIVERSITY, Summer 2010

**Test 2**

5 July, 2010

**Instructions**

- *Show all your work.* Legibly, please!
- *If you have a question, ask it!*
- Use the back sides of the test sheets for rough work or extra space.
- You may use a calculator and an aid sheet.

1. Compute any *four* (4) of the integrals in parts **a-f**. [16 = 4 × 4 each]

a.  $\int \frac{1}{4-x^2} dx$

b.  $\int \tan(x) dx$

c.  $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} dx$

d.  $\int \frac{x^3 + x + 1}{x^2 + 1} dx$

e.  $\int_{-\pi/4}^{\pi/4} \sec^2(x) dx$

f.  $\int x \ln(x) dx$

2. Do any *two* (2) of parts **a-e**. [12 = 2 × 6 each]

a. Compute  $\int_0^2 (x+1) dx$  using the Right-hand Rule.

b. Find the area of the region bounded by  $y = 2 + x$  and  $y = x^2$  for  $-1 \leq x \leq 1$ .

c. Without actually computing  $\int_0^{10/\pi} \arctan(x) dx$ , find as small an upper bound as you can on the value of this integral.

d. Compute the arc-length of the curve  $y = \ln(\cos(x))$ ,  $0 \leq x \leq \pi/6$ .

e. Give an example of a function  $f(x)$  such that  $f(x) = 1 + \int_0^x f(t) dt$  for all  $x$ .

3. Do *one* (1) of parts **a** or **b**. [12]

a. Sketch the solid obtained by rotating the region bounded by  $y = \sqrt{x}$  and  $y = x$ , where  $0 \leq x \leq 1$ , about the  $y$ -axis, and find its volume.

b. Sketch the cone obtained by rotating the line  $y = 3x$ , where  $0 \leq x \leq 2$ , about the  $x$ -axis, and find its surface area.

[Total = 40]